

# राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

## हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य शासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

बुधवार, 27 जून, 2018/06 आषाढ़, 1940

हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार

सामान्य प्रशासन विभाग (संसदीय कार्य विभाग)

अधिसूचना

शिमला-171002, 25 जून, 2018

संख्याः जी०ए०डी०-सी(ए)3-1/2017.—हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल, भारत के संविधान के अनुच्छेद 187 के खण्ड (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा के अध्यक्ष से परामर्श के पश्चात्, अधिसूचना संख्या 13-2/71-जी०ए०डी०, तारीख 27 मार्च, 1974 द्वारा, राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 27 अप्रैल, 1974 को प्रकाशित दी हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा सैक्रेटेरिएट (रिक्रूटमैण्ट एण्ड कण्डीशन्ज ऑफ सर्विस) रूल्ज, 1974 में और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाते हैं, अर्थात्:—

- 1. संक्षिप्त नाम और प्रारम्भ.——(1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा सैक्रेटेरिएट (रिक्रूटमैण्ट एण्ड कण्डीशन्ज ऑफ सर्विस) द्वितीय संशोधन नियम, 2018 है।
  - (2) ये नियम राजपत्र (ई-गजट), हिमाचल प्रदेश में प्रकाशित किए जाने की तारीख से प्रवृत्त होंगे ।
- 2. फर्स्ट शैड्यूल का संशोधन.—हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा सैक्रेटेरिएट (रिक्रूटमैण्ट एण्ड कण्डीशन्ज ऑफ सर्विस) रूल्ज, 1974 (जिन्हें इसमें इसके पश्चात 'उक्त नियम' कहा गया है) से संलग्न फर्स्ट शैड्यूल में क्रम संख्या 28 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित नई क्रम संख्या अन्तःस्थापित की जाएगी, अर्थात्ः—

"28-A Supervisor (Staff Cars and Bus)

₹ 5910-20200+2400 GP

1.".

- 3. सैकण्ड शैड्यूल का संशोधन.—उक्त नियमों से संलग्न सैकण्ड शैड्यूल में क्रम संख्या 26 के पश्चात निम्नलिखित नई क्रम संख्या अन्तःस्थापित की जाएगी, अर्थात्:—
  - "26-A Supervisor Non- 100% by N.A. (Staff Cars Selection promotion and Bus)
    (₹ 591020200+2400
    GP).

By promotion from amongst the Drivers who possess five years regular service or regular combined with continuous *adhoc* service rendered, if any, in the grade.

In all cases of promotion, the continuous adhoc service rendered in the feeder post, if any, prior to regular appointment to the post shall be taken into account towards the length of service as prescribed in these rules for promotion subject to the condition that the adhoc appointment/ promotion in the feeder category had been made after following proper acceptable process of selection in accordance with the provisions of R&P Rules:

Provided that *inter-se* seniority as a result of confirmation after taking into account, *adhoc* 

service rendered if any, in the grade as referred to above shall remain unchanged." |

> आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – मुख्य सचिव।

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[Authoritative English text of this Department Notification No. GAD-C(A)3-1/2017 dated 25-06-2018 as required under clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India].

### **GENERAL ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT** (Parliamentary Affairs Department)

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla-171002, the 25th June, 2018

- **No. GAD-C(A)3-1/2017.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (3) of Article 187 of the Constitution of India, the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, after consultation with the Speaker of Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha, is pleased to make the following rules further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha Secretariat (Recruitment and Conditions of Service) Rules, 1974, published in Rajpatra, Himachal Pradesh, dated 27<sup>th</sup> April, 1974 *vide* notification No.13-2/71-GAD, dated 27<sup>th</sup> March, 1974, namely:—
- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha Secretariat (Recruitment and Conditions of Service) Second Amendment Rules, 2018.
- (2) They shall come into force from the date of publication in the Rajpatra (e-Gazette), Himachal Pradesh.
- 2. Amendment of THE FIRST SCHEDULE.—In THE FIRST SCHEDULE appended to the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha Secretariat (Recruitment and Conditions of Service) Rules, 1974 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), after serial number 28, the following new serial number shall be inserted, namely:—

"28-A Supervisor (Staff Cars and Bus)

₹ 5910-20200+2400 GP

1.".

**3.** Amendment of THE SECOND SCHEDULE.—In THE SECOND SCHEDULE appended to the said rules, after serial number 26, the following new serial number shall be inserted, namely:—

N.A.

"26-A Supervisor Non- 100% by (Staff Cars Selection promotion and Bus) (₹ 5910- 20200+2400 GP).

By promotion from amongst the Drivers who possess five years regular service or regular combined with continuous *adhoc* service rendered, if any, in the grade.

In all cases of promotion, the continuous adhoc service rendered in the feeder post, if regular any, prior to appointment to the post shall be taken into account towards the length of service as prescribed in these rules for promotion subject to the condition that the appointment/promotion adhoc in the feeder category had been made after following proper acceptable process of selection accordance with the provisions of R&P Rules:

Provided that *inter-se* seniority as a result of confirmation after taking into account, *adhoc* service rendered if any, in the grade as referred to above shall remain unchanged."

By order, Sd/-Chief Secretary.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 8th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(400)/95-II.**—13 days earned leave on and with effect from 18-06-2018 to 30-06-2018, with permission to prefix Gazetted Holiday and Sunday falling on 16-06-2018 and 17-06-2018 and suffix Sunday falling on 01-07-2018, is hereby sanctioned in favour of Shri Lal Singh Pathania, Secretary of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Lal Singh Pathania is likely to join the same post and at the same station from where he proceeds on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Lal Singh Pathania would have continued to officiate the same post of Secretary but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 8th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(282)/90-I.**—05 days earned leave on and with effect from 11-06-2018 to 15-06-2018, with permission to prefix Second Saturday and Sunday falling on 09-06-2018 and 10-06-2018 & suffix Gazetted Holiday and Sunday falling on 16-06-2018 and 17-06-2018, is hereby sanctioned in favour of Shri Hem Raj, Additional Registrar of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Hem Raj is likely to join the same post and at the same station from where he proceeds on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Hem Raj would have continued to officiate the same post of Additional Registrar but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA-171 001

#### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 18th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Estt.3(515)/2001.**—08 days earned leave *w.e.f.* 01-06-2018 to 08-06-2018 with permission to suffix Second Saturday and Sunday on 9th & 10<sup>th</sup> June, 2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Shri C.M.Thakur, Secretary of this Registry.

Certified that Shri C.M.Thakur has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri C.M.Thakur would have continued to officiate the same post of Secretary but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 19th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(240)/86.—11** days earned leave on and with effect from 20-06-2018 to 30-06-2018 with permission to suffix Sunday falling on 01-07-2018 is hereby sanctioned in favour of Shri Bhupender Gupta, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Bhupender Gupta is likely to join the same post and at the same station from where he proceeds on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Bhupender Gupta would have continued to officiate the same post of Court Master but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 19th June, 2018

**No. HHC/ Admn.3(179)/82-I.**—06 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 14-05-2018 to 19-05-2018 with permission to prefix Second Saturday and Sunday on 12th & 13th May, 2018 and suffix Sunday on 20-05-2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Smt. Sudesh Kumari, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Smt. Sudesh Kumari has joined the same post and at the same station from where she had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA-171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 19th June, 2018

**No. HHC/ Admn.3(242)/86-I.**—07 days commuted leave w.e.f. 05-06-2018 to 11-06-2018 is hereby sanctioned, ex-post-facto, in favour of Shri Hitesh Sharma, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Hitesh Sharma has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Hitesh Sharma would have continued to officiate the same post of Court Master but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 19th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(394)/95-I.**—05 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 04-06-2018 to 08-06-2018 with permission to prefix Sunday on 03-06-2018 and suffix Second Saturday and Sunday on 9th & 10th June, 2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Smt. Santosh Negi, Additional Registrar of this Registry.

Certified that Smt. Santosh Negi has joined the same post and at the same station from where she had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Smt. Santosh Negi would have continued to officiate the same post of Additional Registrar but for her proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA-171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 20th June, 2018

**No. HHC/** Estt.3(414)/95-I.—06 days commuted leave w.e.f. 14-05-2018 to 19-05-2018 with permission to prefix Second Saturday and Sunday on 12th & 13th May, 2018 and suffix Sunday on 20-05-2018 is hereby sanctioned, ex-post-facto, in favour of Shri Baldev Singh Rana, Secretary of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Baldev Singh Rana has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Baldev Singh Rana would have continued to officiate the same post of Secretary but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 20th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Estt.3(409)/95-I.**—04 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 04-06-2018 to 07-06-2018 with permission to prefix Sunday on 03-06-2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Shri Padam Dev Sharma, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Padam Dev Sharma has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Padam Dev Sharma would have continued to officiate the same post of Court Master but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 20th June, 2018

**No. HHC/ Admn.3(270)/88-I.**—03 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 06-06-2018 to 08-06-2018 with permission to suffix Second Saturday and Sunday on 9th & 10th June, 2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Smt. Sanjokta Thakur, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Smt. Sanjokta Thakur has joined the same post and at the same station from where she had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Smt. Sanjokta Thakur would have continued to officiate the same post of Court Master but for her proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 20th June, 2018

**No. HHC**/ **Estt.3(408)/95-I.**—43 days commuted leave *i.e.* (i) 21 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 24-04-2018 to 14-05-2018 and (ii) 22 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 16-05-2018 to 06-06-2018 are hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Shri Sanjeev Layal, Secretary of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Sanjeev Layal has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Sanjeev Layal would have continued to officiate the same post of Secretary but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

#### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 21st June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(343)/92-I.**—03 days earned leave *w.e.f.* 06-06-2018 to 08-06-2018 with permission to suffix Second Saturday and Sunday on 9th & 10<sup>th</sup> June, 2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Smt. Sarika Vashisht, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Smt. Sarika Vashisht has joined the same post and at the same station from where she had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Smt. Sarika Vashisht would have continued to officiate the same post of Court Master but for her proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 11th June, 2018

**No. HHC/ Estt.3(406)/95-I.**—03 days commuted leave with effect from 28-05-2018 to 30-05-2018 with permission to prefix Sunday on 27-05-2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Shri Gopal Sawroop Kaushal, Secretary of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Gopal Sawroop Kaushal has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Gopal Sawroop Kaushal would have continued to officiate the same post of Secretary but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA- 171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 19th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(282)/90-II.**—05 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 11-05-2018 to 15-05-2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Shri Hem Raj, Additional Registrar of this Registry.

Certified that Shri Hem Raj has joined the same post and at the same station from where he had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Shri Hem Raj would have continued to officiate the same post of Additional Registrar but for his proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA-171 001

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla, the 18th June, 2018

**No. HHC/Admn.3(243)/86-II.**—03 days commuted leave *w.e.f.* 14-05-2018 to 16-05-2018 with permission to prefix Second Saturday and Sunday on 12th & 13th May, 2018 is hereby sanctioned, *ex-post-facto*, in favour of Smt. Asha Sharma, Court Master of this Registry.

Certified that Smt. Asha Sharma has joined the same post and at the same station from where she had proceeded on leave after the expiry of the above leave period.

Certified that Smt. Asha Sharma would have continued to officiate the same post of Court Master but for her proceeding on leave.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General.

### OFFICE OF MUNICIPAL COUNCIL BADDI, DISTRICT SOLAN (H.P.)

Door-to-Door Garbage Collection & Disposal Bye-Laws—2018

### **NOTIFICATION**

Baddi-173205, 25th June, 2018

No. MC/Baddi/byelaws/MSW/2018.—The following Bye-laws made by Municipal Council Baddi for regulating The Door to Door Garbage Collection & Disposal—2018 in

exercise of the powers conferred by section 202 and 217 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 (Act No. 12 of 1994) read with rule 15 (zf) of the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 having been confirmed by State enforcement, as required under section 217 of the aforesaid Acts are hereby published for general information, namely:—

### BYE LAWS TO REGULATED DOOR TO DOOR GARBAGE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL OF MUNICIPAL COUNCIL BADDI, DISTRICT SOLAN (H.P.)

### **Chapter-I—General**

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(a) These Bye laws may be called The Door-to-Door Garbage Collection and Disposal Bye-laws—2018 of Municipal Council Baddi for municipal solid waste management & disposal.
- (b) These bye-laws shall come into force on the date of their adoption and publication in the Rajpatra the gazette of Himachal Pradesh Government.
  - (c) This shall apply to Baddi municipal area.
  - **2. Definitions.** In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—
    - (a) "act" means the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994 and Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994.
    - (b) **"bulk waste generator"** means and includes buildings occupied by the Central government departments or undertakings, State government departments or undertakings, local bodies, public sector undertakings or private companies, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, colleges, universities, other educational institutions, hostels, hotels, commercial establishments, markets, places of worship, stadia and sports complexes having an average waste generation rate exceeding 100kg per day;
    - (c) "bye-laws" means regulatory framework notified by local body, census town and notified area townships for facilitating the implementation of these rules effectively in their jurisdiction.
    - (d) "composting" means a controlled process involving microbial decomposition of organic matter;
    - (e) "disposal" means the final and safe disposal of post processed residual solid waste and inert street sweepings and silt from surface drains on land as specified in Schedule I to prevent contamination of ground water, surface water, ambient air and attraction of animals or birds;
    - (f) "domestic hazardous waste" means discarded paint drums, pesticide cans, CFL bulbs, tube lights, expired medicines, broken mercury thermometers, used batteries, used needles and syringes and contaminated gauge, etc., generated at the household level;
    - (g) "door to door garbage collection" means collection of solid waste from the door step of households, shops, commercial establishments, offices, institutional or any other non-residential premises and includes collection of such waste from entry

- gate or a designated location on the ground floor in a housing society, multi storied building or apartments, large residential, commercial or institutional complex or premises;
- (h) "dry waste" means waste other than bio-degradable waste and inert street sweepings and includes recyclable and non-recyclable waste, combustible waste and sanitary napkin and diapers, etc;
- (i) "dump sites" means a land utilised by local body for disposal of solid waste without following the principles of sanitary land filling;
- (j) "fine/penalty" means penalty imposed on waste generators or operators of waste processing and disposal facilities under the bye-laws for non-compliance of the directions contained in these or bye- laws;
- (k) "municipality" means the municipal Council of Himachal Pradesh;
- (l) **"non-biodegradable waste"** means any waste that cannot be degraded by microorganisms into simpler stable compounds;
- (m) "sanitary land filling" means the final and safe disposal of residual solid waste and inert wastes on land in a facility designed with protective measures against pollution of ground water, surface water and fugitive air dust, wind-blown litter, bad odour, fire hazard, animal menace, bird menace, pests or rodents, greenhouse gas emissions, persistent organic pollutants slope instability and erosion;
- (n) **"sanitary waste"** means wastes comprising of used diapers, sanitary towels or napkins, tampons, condoms, incontinence sheets and any other similar waste;
- (o) "schedule" means the schedule indicating the rate in respect of sign boards;
- (p) "secondary storage" means the temporary containment of solid waste after collection at secondary waste storage depots or MRFs or bins for onward transportation of the waste to the processing or disposal facility;
- (q) "segregation" means sorting and separate storage of various components of solid waste namely biodegradable wastes including agriculture and dairy waste, nonbiodegradable wastes including recyclable waste, nonrecyclable combustible waste, sanitary waste and non-recyclable inert waste, domestic hazardous wastes, and construction and demolition wastes;
- (r) **"service provider"** means an authority providing public utility services like water, sewerage, electricity, telephone, roads, drainage, etc;
- (s) "user fee/ charge" means a fee imposed by the local body and any entity mentioned in rule on the waste generator to cover full or part cost of providing solid waste collection, transportation, processing and disposal services.
- (t) "waste picker/ Collector" means a person or groups of persons informally engaged in collection and recovery of reusable and recyclable solid waste from the source of waste generation the streets, bins, material recovery facilities, processing and waste disposal facilities for sale to recyclers directly or through intermediaries to earn their livelihood.

Words and expressions used herein but not defined, but defined in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, Himachal Pradesh Corporation Act, 1994, Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 and Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the respective Acts and Rules.

### Chapter-II—Management of Municipal Solid waste

- **3. Municipal Solid Waste Management.**—The Municipal Council shall establish an integrated Solid Waste Management (SWM) system with an aim to reduce the amount of waste being disposed, while maximizing resources recovery and efficiency. The preferred waste management system shall focus on the following points, namely:—
  - I. Reduction and reuse at source.—The most preferred option for Solid Waste Management shall be prevention of waste generation. It will be helpful in reducing the handling, treatment, and disposal costs and specially reduce various environmental impacts such as leachate, air emissions and generation of greenhouse gases.
  - II. Waste recycling.—Recovery of recyclable material resources through a process of segregation, collection and re-processing to create new products shall be the next preferred alternative.
  - III. Composting.—As far as possible the organic fraction of waste shall be composted and used to improve soil health and agricultural production adhering to norms.
  - IV. Waste-to-Energy.—Where material recovery from waste is not possible, energy recovery from waste through production of heat, electricity or fuel may be preferred. Bio-methanation, waste incineration, production of Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) and co-processing of the sorted dry rejects from municipal solid waste are to be commonly adopted "Waste to Energy" technologies.
  - V. Waste disposal.—Remaining residual waste, which ideally comprises of inerts, shall be disposed in sanitary landfills constructed in accordance with stipulations of the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.
  - VI. The Integrated Solid Waste Management system shall be environment friendly. Waste minimization, waste recycling, waste-to-energy strategies and landfill gas capture and use which are promoted in the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall be adopted for reduction of greenhouse gases.

### Chapter-III—Municipal Solid Waste Collection & Transportation

### 4. Segregation & Primary Storage of Municipal Solid waste:

(a) It will be prime responsibility of every waste generator/citizen to segregate the waste generated by them in three separate streams namely bio-degradable, nonbiodegradable and domestic hazardous wastes in suitable covered bins and handover segregated wastes to authorised waste pickers or waste collectors designated by ULBs or Agency Hired by ULBs once a day or at the frequency as decided by respective local body on the timing fixed by the service provider. Every citizen has to pay a fixed monthly rental for the services of door to door garbage collection.

- (b) Waste generators shall be encouraged to segregate waste and store at source in three separate colour bins *i.e.* green— for biodegradable waste, blue— for non-biodegradable, red— for domestic hazardous waste.
- (c) All institutions with more than 5,000 sqm. area shall, within one year from the date of notification of these bye-laws and in partnership with the Municipal Council, ensure segregation of waste at source by the generators, facilitate collection of segregated waste in separate streams, handover recyclable material to either the authorised waste pickers or the authorised recyclers. The biodegradable waste shall be processed, treated and disposed off through composting or bio-methanation within the premises as far as possible. The residual waste shall be given to the waste collectors or agency as directed by the Municipal Council.
- (d) No person shall organise an event or gathering of more than one hundred persons at any unlicensed place without intimating the Municipal Council, at least three working days in advance and such person or the organiser of such event shall ensure segregation of waste at source and handing over of segregated waste to waste collector or agency as specified by the Municipal Council.
- (e) Used sanitary waste are to be securely wrapped as and when generated in the pouches provided by the manufacturers or brand owners of these products or in a newspaper or suitable biodegradable wrapping material and place the same in the bin meant for non-biodegradable waste or dry waste.
- (f) Every street vendor shall keep suitable containers for storage of waste generated during the course of his activity such as food waste, disposable plates, cups, cans, wrappers, coconut shells, leftover food, vegetables, fruits, etc., and shall deposit such waste at waste storage depot or container or vehicle as notified by the Municipality.
- (g) Store separately construction and demolition waste, as and when generated, in his own premises and shall dispose off as per the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- (h) Bulk waste generators of garden and horticulture waste like park, stadium etc. shall store separately in their premises and dispose of the same as may be prescribed by the Municipal Council from time to time.
- (i) No untreated bio-medical waste, e-waste, hazardous chemicals and industrial waste shall be mixed with municipal solid waste and such waste shall follow the rules specifically separately specified for the purpose.
- (j) Every waste generator has to ensure that there is no practice of burning or burying the solid waste generated by him, throwing on streets/ open public spaces outside his premises or in the drain or water bodies.
- (k) Littering of waste on streets /open space/ water bodies /drain shall be fined on the spot. On iterative they will be punishable and can subjected to court as per rule.

(1) Time to time awareness generation campaigns should be organised to motivate people. RWA (Resident Welfare Association), Local NGOs, representative of public association and elected local member should be involved in the programme to motivate citizen.

### 5. Primary Collection of Municipal Solid Waste:

- (a) Each and every house in the city/ town should approached for the primary collection of waste by means of wheel barrow, push cart, tricycle, small auto tipper depending on the size of road available.
- (b) Municipal Council have to arrange for daily door to door collection of segregated solid waste from all households including slums and informal settlements, commercial, institutional and other non-residential premises. From multi-storage buildings, large commercial complexes, malls, housing complexes, etc., this may be collected from the entry gate or any other designated location;
- (c) Municipal Council have to establish a system to recognise organisations of waste pickers or informal waste collectors and promote and establish a system for integration of these authorised waste-pickers and waste collectors to facilitate their participation in solid waste management including door to door collection of waste;
- (d) Municipal Council have to facilitate formation of Self Help Groups, provide identity cards and thereafter encourage integration of informal waste pickers in solid waste management including door to door collection of waste.
- (e) Municipal Council have to collect separately waste from sweeping of streets, lanes and by-lanes daily, or on alternate days or twice a week depending on the density of population, commercial activity and local situation.
- (f) Municipal Council have to collect horticulture, parks and garden waste separately and process in the parks and gardens, as far as possible.
- (g) Time for the door to door collection services will have to fixed by the concern ULBs. Generally timing should be between 6:00 A.M. to 9:00 A.M. For proper waste collection vehicle such as tricycle, auto tipper used for door to door garbage collection should be equipped with Alarm with audible decibel fixed as per the rules and timing should be strictly followed by the sanitation workers.
- (h) For door to door garbage collection from commercial complex, offices and secondary bins timing should be between 9:00 A.M. to 11:00 A.M.
- (i) For proper solid waste management & grievance redress Municipal Council should set up small office/ centre in each ward of their boundaries.
- (j) Under door to door services user charge for collection should be formulated on the following criteria.

Sl. No.	Category of User	User Charge on monthly
		basis (INR)
1.	Household (area less than 2000 sq. feet)	50
2.	Household (area more than 2000 sq. feet)	100
3.	Commercial Complex (Dhabba, sweet	350
	shop, coffee houses, provisional stores)	00
4.	Pan Shop	80
5.	Tea Shop	80
6.	Shops (Daily needs, cloths)	100
7. 8.	Vegetables & fruits shops (Wholesale)	1000
	Vegetables & fruits shops (Retails)	250
9. 10.	Sweet /snacks shop (Big)	400 100
11.	Offices (2 rooms) Offices (3-5 rooms)	250
12.	Offices (6-10 rooms)	1000
13.	Offices (11 – 20 rooms)	2000
14.	Offices (more than 20 rooms)	2000 for 20 rooms + 100
14.	Offices (more than 20 footis)	per
15.	Bank	500
15.	Bank Floor Area > 1000 sq. feet	750
1.6	<u> </u>	
16.	Govt. Schools	100
17.	Private Schools upto 100 students on	500
	producing student's enrolment certificate	
18.	Private Schools (more than 100 students)	1500
19.	Bakeries (small)	500
20.	Bakeries (manufacturing units)	1200
21.	PG Hostel / Guest House (upto 10 rooms)	500
22.	PG Hostel / Guest House (11 - 20 rooms)	1500
23.	PG Hostel / Guest House (21 - 30 rooms)	2500
24.	PG Hostel / Guest House (more 30 rooms)	2500 for 30 rooms + 500
25.	Dharamshala	per 550
	Factories (Manufacturing unit) other than	550 1500
26.	notifies in any other category	1300
27.	Workshop (tyre puncture shop)	100
28.	Workshop (repair shop)	250
29.	Workshop (repair + spare parts shop)	500
30.	Workshop (vehicle showroom, repair + spare parts)	750
31.	Workshop (those not touching any NH or SH)	300
32.	Restaurants	1500
33.	Restaurants + Bar	1700
34.	Cinema Hall (Theatre, multiples)	1500
35.	Govt. College	1000
36.	Private College	1500
50.	1117000 0011050	1000

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37.	Hospital /Nursing Home (upto 50 beds)	1500
38.	Hospital /Nursing Home (51 - 100 beds)	2000
39.	Hospital /Nursing Home (more than 100 beds)	2000 + 250 per additional bed
40.	Clinics	150
41.	Clinics with medicines shops	250
42.	Chemist shop	200
43.	Laboratory	200
44.	Banquet Hall/ Hotel	2000 & 2000 per trip on demand
45.	Special Hotels more than 50 Rooms	15000 & 2000 per trip on demand
46.	Vehicle on demand for Dumper	3000 per trip
47.	Big Malls	2000 per floor
48.	Meat Shops (other than subscribed with chicken waste collection vehicle)	500
49.	Confectionary + Veg Shop	250
50.	Scrap Dealers	400
51.	Street Vendor	100
52.	Cow dung from cattle at households	350
53.	Any other establishment(s) not mentioned above	To be decided by ULB

**Note.**—User charge as prescribed above can be revised by the ULB time to time keeping in view the polluter pay principal to meet the operation and maintenance cost of the services under Solid Waste Management.

- (k) User charge mentioned above for door to door services needs to be collected from each and every household & other establishment of all the wards in the municipal boundaries of the ULBs. Users charge decided above, contact person's name & number needs to be conveyed to general public through different media such as display on the vehicles used for these services, hoardings, pamphlets etc. Also, awareness generation campaigns need to be organised.
- (l) No manual loading or unloading of waste in compactor should be practised with open hand or without safety measure as per the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- **6. Secondary Storage of Municipal Solid Waste.**—Municipality by their own or with help of Agency hired needs to develop storage bins/ secondary storage points for the collection of waste generated in the town, they will also be responsible to monitor the condition of these bins so that no filthy or unhygienic condition develops around. While establishing or monitoring secondary storage bins following precaution needs to be taken care:
  - (a) Storage / Secondary storage bins should be designed and develop on the basis of the quantity of waste generated, density of population in the notified municipal boundaries. Minimum distance between two bins should be 500 meters and within radius of 1 Km maximum numbers of bins should limited upto to 5. Established bins must be covered with movable lid and must be approachable/connected with metallic or non-metallic road

- (b) Bins provided by Municipal Council or any hired agency should be designed in such a manner so that waste disposed in does not get scattered in open atmosphere and it should be artistic in nature so that it motivates people to dispose their waste in the bins not in open.
- (c) Bins placed at designated place by Municipal Council or any hired agency should motivate people to practice waste segregation and it should be placed as per Solid Waste Management Rule, 2016 having colour coding for different types of waste.
  - Green: Biodegradable waste (food waste, garden waste)
  - Blue: Non-Biodegradable waste
  - Red: Hazardous or toxics waste
- (d) Well-designed Vehicle like auto Tipper/Compactor should be used for the purpose of transportation of waste and evacuating the bins.
- (e) All the co-operative society, residential welfare association/ society, institutional organisation will be responsible to place suitable quantity of bins approved by the Municipal Council on the fixed place in their compound so that waste generated from there can be stored properly and collected from time to time by the municipal vehicle. User charge for these services fixed by the ULBs should be collected by the authorised person of local body.
- (f) It will be prime responsibility of all the waste generators/citizens to store and sell/handover the recyclable waste to the Ragpickers/Kabadiwala or person/organisation designated by the Municipal Council. They have to ensure that no such waste is being disposed on the road/drain/secondary storage bins/open space.
- (g) Door to door garbage collection, secondary storage bins, collection & transportation, processing of waste and disposal of waste in sanitary land fill site, and all these services will be provided by Municipal Council or any hired agency. ULBs will charge user fee for all these services and violator will be fined on the spot or punished and can be subjected to court as per rule.
- (h) Waste from the slaughter house, fish market, fruit & vegetable market is biodegradable in nature, so proper storage facility should be designed so that no health hazard spreads from this & facility for composting should be developed to make use of such waste in generating organic manure from it. For ensuring proper disposal of such waste every generator have to ensure best storage facility; and
- (i) segregation of such waste at source and door to door collection should be practiced by ULBs to collect 100% of such waste and take to processing plant. On violation, waste generator should be fined on the spot or punished and can be subjected to court as per rule. Municipal Council have to establish waste deposition centres for domestic hazardous waste and give direction for waste generators to deposit domestic hazardous wastes at this centre for its safe disposal. Such facility shall be established in a city or town in a manner that one centre is set up for the area of twenty square kilometres or part thereof and notify the timings of receiving domestic hazardous waste at such centres.

- Bio medical & industrial waste should not be mixed with municipal waste and such waste should be stored and disposed separately as per the rules applicable. For the disposal of bio-medical waste common Biomedical Waste treatment facility (CBMWTF) should be developed in each ULB either separately or on the cluster basis. By paying the fixed user fee such waste can be easily disposed off.
- (k) Construction and demolition waste should be store separately as and when generated, in his/her own premises and shall be disposed off as per the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016. ULBs should fix user charge for transportation and disposal of C&D waste and generator should dispose this waste by paying the charge as per the rules and at the designated place. Disposing of such waste in open space, road side, and common place will be treated as illegal and fined as per the rules.
- (l) Gardening/Horticultural waste should also be stored separately at source. ULBs should fix a day or two in week and some place where generator should give their waste and from there it should be transported to disposal site.
- (m) Dry leaves, plastic and other such waste should not be burnt in open, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable, violator should be fined as per the rules.
- (n) Stray animal should be restricted from roaming in and around the waste disposal site & secondary storage bins or any public place in the town.
- (o) Every citizen, institutions, office buildings, commercial complexes has to ensure that there is no open discharge of grey water, black water or any other such polluted water in drain, open space or on road which can spread health issues, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable as per the rules.
- (p) No person should dispose dead animal or any such material in open space, road side, community park or any other place which can spread pollution and health issues, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable as per the rules.
- (q) Municipal Council have to set up covered secondary storage facility for temporary storage of street sweepings and silt removed from surface drains in cases where direct collection of such waste into transportation vehicle is not convenient. Waste so collected shall be collected and disposed of at regular intervals as decided by the local body.
- (r) Municipal Council can develop bins free solid waste management facility but for this 100% waste collection from the door step of the generator should be ensured.

### 7. Secondary Collection & Transportation of Municipal Solid Waste:

- (a) Each storage bins/ secondary storage bins should be attended daily by the help of auto tipper, tractor, compactor etc.
- (b) Closed vehicle should be used for the transportation of waste. To reduce the frequency of loading and unloading of waste compactor should be used.
- (c) Municipal Council will have to ensure safe storage and transportation of the domestic hazardous waste to the hazardous waste disposal facility.

- (d) Transport segregated bio-degradable waste to the processing facilities like compost plant, bio-methanation plant or any such facility. Preference shall be given for onsite processing of such waste.
- (e) Transport non-bio-degradable waste to the respective processing facility or material recovery facilities or secondary storage facility. Ensure transportation of construction and demolition waste as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.

### Chapter-IV— Municipal Solid Waste Processing & Disposal

- **8.** Waste Processing Plant.—Municipal Council with help of State Pollution Control Board approval needs to develop solid waste management / processing plant to make use of daily generated biodegradable waste so that it can reduce the quantity of waste being disposed at the sanitary land fill site:
  - (a) Municipal Council have to collect waste from vegetable, fruit, flower, meat, poultry and fish market on day to day basis and promote setting up of decentralised compost plant or bio-methanation plant at suitable locations in the markets or in the vicinity of markets ensuring hygienic conditions.
  - (b) Involve communities in waste management and promotion of home composting, biogas generation, decentralised processing of waste at community level subject to control of odour and maintenance of hygienic conditions around the facility.
  - (c) For processing of biodegradable waste Municipal Council have to establish waste processing plant such as composting plant windrow compost plant, vermicomposting plant, waste to energy or any other such technology by their own or with help of any other licensed company/firm /organisation on Build operate transfer (BOT)/ object oriented (OO) method.
  - (d) For processing of mixed recyclable waste Municipal Council have to establish recycling unite such as incineration, RDF Plant or other such recycling technology by their own or with help of any other licensed company/firm /organisation on Build operate transfer (BOT)/ object oriented (OO) method.
  - (e) Municipality may also send the non-biodegradable/dry waste as RDF to nearby cement factories for co-processing.

### 9. Waste Disposal:

- (a) Municipal Council have to stop land filling or dumping of mixed waste soon after the timeline for setting up and operationalisation of sanitary landfill is over.
- (b) Municipal Council have to allow only the non-usable, non-recyclable, non-biodegradable, non-combustible and non-reactive inert waste and pre-processing rejects and residues from waste processing facilities to go to sanitary landfill.
- (c) Sites shall meet the specifications as given in Schedule–I of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016, however, every effort shall be made to recycle or reuse the rejects to achieve the desired objective of zero waste going to landfill.

- (d) Municipal Council have to investigate and analyse all old open dumpsites and existing operational dumpsites for their potential of biomining and bio-remediation and where so ever feasible, take necessary actions to bio-mine or bio-remediate the sites.
- (e) Municipal Council have to ensure that in absence of the potential of bio-mining and bio-remediation of dumpsite, it shall be scientifically capped as per landfill capping norms to prevent further damage to the environment.

### **Chapter-V—Monitoring by Ward Committee**

Constitution of Ward Sanitation Committee.—A Ward Sanitation Committee shall be constituted in each ward of the Municipal Council. The Ward Sanitation Committee shall have 11 to 15 members. The members of the WSC would comprise of ward member, sanitary inspector, tax collector or a designated officer by Municipal Council for each ward, representatives of Residential Welfare Associations (RWAs) of the ward, representatives from slum sanitation committee, representatives of Community Based Organisations (SHGs, youth club etc), local leaders, senior citizens etc. The Ward Sanitation Committee shall oversee the sanitation activity in the ward.

### Chapter-VI—Stakeholder's Responsibilities

### 10. Responsibilities of various stakeholders:

### **10.1** Responsibilities of Waste Generators:

- (a) No waste generator shall throw the waste generated by him on the street, open spaces, drain or water bodies.
- (b) No person shall let the dirty water, mud, night soil, cow dung, urine, polluted water from their own house, organisation, commercial establishments to accumulate in their own compound nor let it flow on common streets in a way that the environment gets polluted by foul smell or poses a threat to public health.
- (c) To wrap securely used sanitary waste as and when generated in a newspaper or suitable bio-degradable wrapping material and place the same in the domestic bin meant for non-biodegradable waste.
- (d) All citizens shall have the responsibility to dispose of the recyclable waste generated in their complexes to the waste pickers authorised by the Municipal Council or waste collector or containers of the Municipal Council and not put it on the road under any circumstances.
- (e) All waste generators shall pay user fees as specified in these bye-laws.
- (f) No waste generator shall throw, burn or burry the solid waste generated by him on streets, open public spaces outside his premises or in the drain or water bodies,
- (g) No dead animals or their remains to be thrown in any public places or any such place, which create any kind of pollution.
- (h) If any person is found violating activities prohibited for doing, fine charges shall be collected from the offender by the Municipal Council.

### **10.2** Responsibility of Ward Sanitation Committee:

- (a) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall oversee the sanitation and cleanliness activities in ward.
- (b) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall act as a grievances redressal point on sanitation issues at ward level.
- (c) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall have the power to impose fine on any offender and also have the power to waive of penalties.
- (d) The Ward Sanitation Committee will promote home composting, bio-gas generation, decentralised processing of waste at community level subject to control of odour and maintenance of hygiene around the facility.
- (e) The Ward Sanitation Committee will give warning to any offenders of these byelaws. After two warning by the Ward Sanitation Committee or the Municipal Council, penalty shall be collected from the violator as per the provisions of these bye-laws.

### 10.3 Responsibility of the Municipal Council:

- (a) The Municipal Council shall within its territorial area, be responsible for ensuring daily and throughout the year system of cleaning of all common roads, places, temporary settlements, slums, areas, markets, its own parks, gardens, tourist spots, cemeteries and shall be bound to collect the garbage from the nearest declared storage containers, and transport it every day to the final disposal point in closed vehicles for which the municipal authority may engage private parties on contract or Public Private Partnership mode, apart from its own permanent cleaning staff and vehicles.
- (b) The Municipal Council or the authorized agency engaged by the Municipal Council shall provide and maintain suitable community bins on public roads or other public spaces.
- (c) The Municipal Council for the purpose of managing such sanitation activities in decentralised and regular manner shall designate one ward officer, in every ward to supervise the spots of containers, public toilets, community toilets or urinals in public places, transfer station for public garbage, landfill processing units etc. for final disposal of city's garbage.
- (d) The designated ward officer by the Municipal Council shall also be a member of the concerned Ward Sanitation Committee which shall act as the first point of grievance redressal on sanitation issues of the concern ward and meet complains of citizens on issues of sanitation.
- (e) The Municipal Council shall facilitate construction, operation and maintenance of solid waste processing facilities and associated infrastructure on their own or through any agency for optimum utilisation of various components of solid waste adopting suitable technology including the technologies and the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Urban Development from time to time and standards prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board.

- (f) The Municipal Council shall create awareness through Information, Education and communication (IEC) campaign and educate the waste generators on minimal generation of waste, not to litter, re-use the waste to the extent possible, practice segregation of wet bio-degradable waste, dry recyclable and combustible waste and domestic hazardous waste at source, wrap securely used sanitary waste as and when generated in a newspaper or suitable bio-degradable wrapping material and place the same in the domestic bin meant for non-biodegradable waste, storage of segregated waste at source and payment of monthly user fee.
- (g) Chemical fertilizers shall be replaced by use of compost in all parks, gardens maintained by the Municipal Council and any other places within two years of notification.
- (h) Promote recycling initiatives by informal waste recycling sector.
- (i) The Municipal Council shall make efforts to streamline and formalize Solid Waste Management systems and endeavour that the informal sector workers in waste management (rag pickers) are given priority to upgrade their work conditions and are enumerated and integrated into the formal system of Solid Waste Management in cities.
- (j) Ensure that the operator of a facility provides personal protection equipment including uniform, fluorescent jacket, hand gloves, raincoats, appropriate foot wear and masks to all workers handling solid waste and the same are used by the workforce.
- (k) Ensure occupational safety of the Municipal Council own staffs and staffs of outsource agency involved in collection, transport and handling waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipment's,
- (l) In case of an accident at any solid waste processing or treatment or disposal facility or landfill site, the officer-in-charge of the facility shall report to the Municipal Council immediately which shall review and issue instructions if any, to the in- charge of the facility.

### **Chapter-VII—Prosecution & Penalties**

### 11. Prosecution:

- I. Prosecution can be made on violation of above said rules under Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016, Himachal Pradesh Council Act, 1994 and Environmental Protection Act, 1986. Even the prosecution can be made on the official/ workers responsible for implementing so called services under the above said Bye-laws if they are not performing their task or delaying their responsibility to implement the services.
- II. Whosoever contravenes the provision of above said bye-laws shall be in addition to the penalties already mentioned under any act/ rules/ laws/ bye- laws for time being in force would be liable for disconnection of water supply, electricity and other civic amenities and the Executive Officer / Secretaries of the ULB may request the competent authorities to withdraw any other services if granted in favour of Institution/ Commercial Establishment/ person committing the offence.

**12. Penalties.**—On the violation of above said municipal bye-laws fixed penalties are as below:

Sl. No.	Offence	Municipal Council
1.	Littering by People of residential colony	Rs. 500 per day
2.	Open dumping by shopkeepers	Rs. 1000 per day
3.	Littering/ open dumping by restaurants owners	Rs. 2000 per day
4.	Littering/ open dumping by Hotel Owners	Rs. 2000 per day
5.	Littering/ open dumping by Industries	Rs. 5000 per day
6.	Street Vendor like fast-food, chat, ice-cream, juice corner etc.	Rs. 250 per day
7.	Open defecation/ urination in public place	Rs. 500 per offence committed
8.	Disposal of dung in open space / public place	Rs. 2000 per day
9.	Disposal of construction & demolition waste in open space/ road side/ public place by resident	Rs. 2000 per day
10.	Littering of waste like dung, construction & demolition waste on road while transporting through private tractor/ vehicle	Rs. 2000 per day
11.	Disposal of waste water from house in non-authorised place	Rs. 2000 per day
12.	Disposal of sewer in non-authorised place	Rs. 5000 per day
13.	Not keeping of closed dust bins in adequate number & quantity by owners mention from Sl. No 2-6	Rs. 5000 per day
14.	Spilling of oil, dust, water & other material by road side Motar, Bike, Bicycle repair mechanics	Rs. 1000 per day
15.	Disposal of Skin, feather, blood, flash or any other material of animal(s) by shopkeeper	Rs. 2000 per day
16.	Littering by pet animals like dogs, cow, etc. on road side/ open space/ community place	Rs. 1000 per day
17.	Littering or disposal of waste in front of marriage hall, community place, exhibition hall, mela ground	Rs. 5000 per day
18.	Encroachment of Road for by Dhabas or any other such shop and disposing of waste on road side, open space	Rs. 1000 per day
19.	Encroachment of Road for by fruit, vegetable local vendor and disposing of waste on road side, open space	Rs. 250 per day
20.	Encroachment of Road Hair cutting saloon and disposing of waste on road side, open space	Rs. 250 per day
21.	Encroachment & Disposal of construction & demolition waste in open space/ road side/ public place by business man, shopkeepers	Rs. 5000 per day
22.	Disposal of waste by Private Nursing Home/ Hospital, Clinics, Dispensaries on road side, open space	Rs. 5000 per day
23.	Non-Segregation of waste at source	
	(i) Residents	Rs. 250 for first offence and Rs. 500 for second & subsequent offences in a month.

(ii) Shopkeepers	Rs. 500 for first offence and
	Rs. 1000 for second &
	subsequent offences in a
	month.
(iii) Restaurants owners	Rs. 1000 for first offence
	and Rs. 2000 for second &
	subsequent offences in a
	month.
(iv) Hotel Owners	Rs. 1500 for first offence
	and Rs. 2500 for second &
	subsequent offences in a
	month.
(v) Industrial Establishment	Rs. 3000 for first offence
	and Rs. 5000 for second &
	subsequent offences in a
	month.
(vi) Sweets, snacks, fast food ice-creams, sugarcane	Rs. 250 for first offence and
& other juice and vegetables vendor carts	Rs. 500 for second &
	subsequent offences in a
	month.

### 13. Repeal / Contradict:

- ✓ Once these bye-laws come into force any other rules, bye-laws, policy with regard to this matter adopted by any ULB will be considered as disaffirm.
- ✓ Any work done or scheme implemented under any previous rules/bye-laws will not be impugning unless until it is just opposite or completely contrary to the action to be taken under the above said bye-laws.

Sd/-Executive Officer, Municipal Council Baddi, District Solan (H.P.).

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं० 45/2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्याः ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.——हिमाचल प्रदेश माल एवं सेवाकर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) की धारा 164 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवाकर नियम, 2017 का और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाते हैं, अर्थात् :——

- 1. (1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवाकर (नौवां संशोधन) नियम, 2017 है।
  - (2) वे उनके राजपत्र में प्रकाशन की तारीख को प्रवृत्त होंगे।

- 2. हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवाकर नियम, 2017 में,—
  - (i) नियम 3 में, उपनियम (3क) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित उपनियम रखा जाएगा, अर्थात्:--

"(3क) उपनियम (1), उपनियम (2) और उपनियम (3) में अंतर्विष्ट किसी बात के होते हुए भी, कोई व्यक्ति, जिसे नियम 24 के अधीन अनंतिम आधार पर रजिस्ट्रीकरण अनुदत्त किया गया है या जिसे नियम 10 के उपनियम (1) के अधीन रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र अनुदत्त किया गया है, धारा 10 के अधीन उस मास के, जिसमें उसने सामान्य पोर्टल पर या तो सीधे या आयुक्त द्वारा अधिसूचित सुविधा केंद्र के माध्यम से 31 मार्च, 2018 को या उससे पूर्व प्ररुप जीएसटी सीएमपी—02 में संसूचना फाइल करता है, के तुरंत उत्तरवर्ती मास की पहली तारीख से कर का संदाय करने का विकल्प ले सकेगा और वह नियम 44 के उपनियम (4) के उपबंधों के अनुसार प्ररुप जीएसटी आईटीसी—03 में उस दिन, जिसको ऐसा व्यक्ति धारा 10 के अधीन कर का संदाय करना आरंभ करता है, से नब्बे दिन की अविध के भीतर विवरण प्रस्तुत करेगा:

परंतु उक्त व्यक्तियों को प्ररुप जीएसटी आईटीसी—03 में विवरण प्रस्तुत करने के पश्चात् प्ररुप जीएसटी टीआरएएन—1 में घोषणा प्रस्तुत करने के लिए अनुज्ञात नहीं किया जाएगा।";

(ii) नियम 46 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित नियम अंतःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात् :--

"46क पूर्ति का बीजक—सह—बिल—नियम 46 या नियम 49 या नियम 54 में अंतर्विष्ट किसी बात के होते हुए भी, जहां कोई रिजस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्ति किसी गैररिजस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्ति को कराधेय मालों के साथ छूट प्राप्त मालों या सेवाओं की पूर्ति करता है, तो वह ऐसी पूर्तियों के लिए, एकल "पूर्ति का बीजक—सह—बिल" जारी कर सकेगा।";

- (iii) नियम 54 के उपनियम (2) में,-
  - (क) "कर बीजक" शब्दों के स्थान पर, "समेकित कर बीजक" शब्द रखे जाएंगे;
  - (ख) "चाहे किसी भी नाम से ज्ञात हो" शब्दों के पश्चात्, "मास के अंत में मास के दौरान सेवाओं की पूर्ति के लिए" शब्द अंतःस्थापित किए जाएंगे;
- (iv) नियम 62 के उपनियम (1) में निम्नलिखित परंतुक अंतःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात् :——

"परंतु कोई रजिस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्ति, जो उस मास की पहली तारीख से, जो तिमाही का पहला मास नहीं है, धारा 10 के अधीन कर का संदाय करने का विकल्प लेता है, प्ररुप जीएसटीआर—4 में तिमाही की उस अवधि के लिए, जिसके लिए उसने धारा 10 के अधीन कर का संदाय किया है विवरणी प्रस्तुत करेगा और वह धारा 10 के अधीन कर संदाय का विकल्प लेने से पूर्व तिमाही की अवधि के लिए उसे यथा लागू विवरणियां प्रस्तुत करेगा।";

- (v) प्ररुप जीएसटी सीएमपी—02 में "देखे नियम 3 (2)" शब्दों, अंकों और कोष्टकों के स्थान पर, "देखें नियम 3 (3) और 3 (3क)" शब्द, अंक और कोष्टक रखे जाएंगे;
- (vi) प्ररुप जीएसटीआर—1 में सारणी 6 के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित रखा जाएगा, अर्थात् :---

प्राप्तिकर्ता का जीएसटीआईएन	बीजक के ब्यौरे		परिवहन बिल / निर्यात बिल		एकीकृत कर			उपकर	
	सं0	तारीख	मूल्य	सं0	तारीख	दर	कराधेय मूल्य	रकम	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
6क. निर्यात									
6ख. एसईजेड इकाइयों या एसईजेड विकासकर्त्ता को की गई पूर्तियां									
6ग. माना गया निर्यात									
									".

(vii) प्ररुप जीएसटीआर—1क में सारणी 4 के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित रखा जाएगा, अर्थात् :--

"4 एसईजेड को की गई शून्य दर पूर्तियां और माने गए निर्यात

प्राप्तिकर्ता का जीएसटीआईएन	बीजक के ब्यौरे		एकीकृत कर			उपकर	
	सं0	तारीख	मूल्य	दर	कराधेय मूल्य	कर रकम	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<ul><li>4क. एसईजेड इकाई या एसईजेड विकासकर्ता को की गई पूर्तियां</li></ul>							
4ख. माना गया निर्यात							
						",	

(viii) प्ररुप जीएसटी आर—4 में, अनुदेश सं० 9 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित अंतःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात्:——

"10. जुलाई 2017 से सितंबर 2017 और अक्तूबर 2017 से दिसंबर 2017 कर अवधि के लिए सारणी 4 की क्रम सं0 4क प्रस्तुत नहीं की जाएगी"।

> आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 8019 से 8020 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं० 39 / 2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.——हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) (जिसे इस अधिसूचना में इसके पश्चात् "हिमाचल प्रदेश जीएसटी अधिनियम" कहा गया है) की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश, परिषद् की सिफारिशों पर यह विनिर्दिष्ट करते हैं कि केन्द्रीय माल और सेवा अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 12) (जिसे इस अधिसूचना में इसके पश्चात् "सीजीएसटी अधिनियम" कहा गया है) के अधीन नियुक्त अधिकारी, जो सीजीएसटी अधिनियम की धारा 54 या धारा 55 के प्रयोजन के लिए समुचित अधिकारी (जिन्हें इस अधिसूचना में इसके पश्चात् "उक्त अधिकारियों" कहा गया है) होने के लिए बोर्ड के आयुक्त द्वारा प्राधिकृत किए जाते हैं, उक्त अधिकारियों की राज्यक्षेत्रीय अधिकारिता में अवस्थित रिजस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्ति जो उक्त अधिकारियों को प्रतिदाय की मंजूरी के लिए आवेदन करता है, की बाबत हिमाचल प्रदेश जीएसटी अधिनियम की धारा 54 या धारा 55 तथा इसके साथ पठित इसके अधीन बनाए गए नियमों के अधीन प्रतिदाय की मंजूरी के लिए उचित अधिकारी के रुप में कार्य करेंगे।

आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान)।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 7980 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं० 40/2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.——हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) (जिसे इस अधिसूचना में इसके पश्चात् 'उक्त अधिनियम' कहा गया है) की धारा 148 द्वारा

प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश, परिषद् की सिफारिशों पर, किसी रिजस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्ति को, जिसका पूर्ववर्ती वित्तीय वर्ष में सकल आवर्त एक करोड़ पचास लाख रुपए से अधिक नहीं था और जिसने उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 10 के अधीन संयुक्त उद्ग्रहण का विकल्प नहीं लिया था, ऐसे व्यक्तियों के प्रवर्ग के रुप में अधिसूचित करते हैं, जो उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 14 के उपबंधों के संबंध में परिस्थितियों सिहत उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 12 की उपधारा (2) के खंड (क) में यथा विनिर्दिष्ट पूर्ति के समय माल की जावक पूर्ति पर केन्द्रीय कर का संदाय करेगा, और तद्नुसार उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय 9 और उसके अधीन बनाए गए नियमों में यथा विनिर्दिष्ट ब्यौरे और विवरणी को प्रस्तुत करेगा और रिजस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्तियों के ऐसे वर्ग द्वारा कर के संदाय के लिए विहित अवधि वह होगी जो उक्त अधिनियम में विनिर्दिष्ट है।

आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 7980 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं0 41/2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2. 15 नवम्बर. 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38 / 2017.——आयुक्त, हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 168 के साथ पिठत धारा 39 की उपधारा (6) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, किसी सिम्मिश्रण पूर्तिकार द्वारा हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवाकर नियम, 2017 के नियम 62 के साथ पिठत उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 39 की उपधारा (2) के अधीन प्ररुप जीएसटीआर—4 में जुलाई से सितम्बर 2017 की तिमाही के लिए विवरणी प्रस्तुत करने की समय—सीमा का 15 नवम्बर, 2017 तक विस्तार करते हैं।

आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान)।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 8025 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं0 42 / 2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.——आयुक्त, हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) की धारा 168 के साथ पठित धारा 39 की उपधारा (6) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग

करते हुए, एकीकृत माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 13) की धारा 14 और हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर नियम, 2017 के नियम 64 में निर्दिष्ट गैर—कराधेय ऑन लाइन प्राप्तिकर्ता को भारत के बाहर किसी स्थान से ऑन लाइन सूचना और डाटा बेस पहुंच या पुनः प्राप्ति सेवा की आपूर्ति करने वाले व्यक्ति द्वारा जुलाई, 2017 अगस्त 2017 और सितंबर 2017 के लिए प्ररुप जीएसटीआर—5क में विवरणी प्रस्तुत करने की समय—सीमा का 20 नवम्बर, 2017 तक विस्तार करते हैं।

2. यह अधिसूचना 15 सितंबर, 2017 को प्रवृत हुई मानी जाएगी।

आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 8012 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं0 43 / 2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.——आयुक्त, हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 168 के साथ पिठत धारा 39 की उपधारा (6) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए और अधिसूचना सं0 26/2017 राज्य कर, तारीख 28 अगस्त, 2017 को, सिवाय उन बातों के, जिनको ऐसे अधिक्रमण से पूर्व किया गया है या करने का लोप किया गया हं, अधिक्रांत करते हुए, किसी इनपुट सेवा वितरक द्वारा हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर नियम, 2017 के नियम 65 के साथ पिठत उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 39 की उपधारा (4) के अधीन प्ररुप जीएसटीआर—6 में जुलाई 2017, अगस्त 2017 और सितम्बर 2017 मास के लिए विवरणी प्रस्तुत करने की समय—सीमा का 15 नवम्बर, 2017 तक विस्तार करते हैं।

आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 8013 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं0 44 / 2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.——हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 168 और हिमाचल प्रदेश

माल और सेवा कर नियम, 2017 के नियम 40 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में आयुक्त, रजिस्ट्रीकृत व्यक्तियों द्वारा प्ररुप जीएसटी आईटीसी-01 में घोषणा करने के लिए, जो इस प्रभावी महीनों को माह जुलाई 2017, अगस्त 2017 और सितम्बर 2017 के दौरान पात्र हो गए हैं, जो 31 अक्तूबर, 2017 तक उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 18 की उप–धारा (1) के अधीन इनपुट कर प्रत्यय का लाभ उठाने के वे पात्र हैं, समय सीमा विस्तारित करते हैं।

> आदेश द्वारा. हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.-इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पुष्ठ 8014 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना सं0 38 / 2017-राज्य कर

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.-एफ.(10)-38/2017.--हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) की धारा 23 की उपधारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश, अधिसूचना सं. 34 / 2017-राज्य कर, तारीख 9 अक्तूबर, 2017 जो राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में संख्याः ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—34 / 2017 तारीख 23 अक्तूबर द्वारा प्रकाशित की गई थी, में निम्नलिखित संशोधन करते हैं. अर्थात:-

- (क) अधिसूचना के शीर्ष में "अधिसूचना सं0" शब्दों और चिन्हों के पश्चात अंक "34" , अंक "32" द्वारा प्रतिस्थापित किए जाएंगे:
- (ख) उक्त अधिसूचना की सारणी में-
  - (i) क्रम सं. 9 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित रखा जाएगा, अर्थात:—

″9	टैक्सटाइल (हथकरघा उत्पाद), हाथ से बनी	50, 58, 61, 62, 63 सहित";
	शालें, स्टोल और स्कार्फ	

(ii) क्रम सं. 28 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित रखा जाएगा, अर्थात्:--

″29	श्रृंखला टांका	कोई अध्याय
30	क्रिवेल, नामदा, गाबा	कोई अध्याय
31	खपच्ची भिसा उत्पाद	कोई अध्याय
32	तोरण	कोई अध्याय
33	शोला से बनी चीजें	कोई अध्याय"।

आदेश द्वारा,

हस्ताक्षरित / –

प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 7963 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

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### आबकारी एवं कराधान विभाग

अधिसूचना

शिमला-2, 15 नवम्बर, 2017

संख्या ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ.(10)—38/2017.—हिमाचल प्रदेश माल और सेवा कर अधिनियम, 2017 (2017 का 10) की धारा 11 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश, परिषद् की सिफारिशों पर एतद्द्वारा हिमाचल के राजपत्र में संख्याः ई.एक्स.एन.—एफ. (10)—14/2017—लूज़ तारीख 30 जून, 2017 को प्रकाशित अधिसूचना सं. 8/2017—राज्य कर (दर) तारीख 30 जून, 2017 में निम्नलिखित संशोधन करते हैं, अर्थात्ः—

उक्त अधिसूचना में पैराग्राफ 1 के परन्तुक का लोप किया जाएगा।

आदेश द्वारा, हस्ताक्षरित / – प्रधान सचिव (आबकारी एवं कराधान) ।

टिप्पणी.—इस अधिसूचना का अंग्रेजी पाठ राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में तारीख 18 नवम्बर, 2017 को पृष्ठ 8039 पर प्रकाशित किया जा चुका है।

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### TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT

### **NOTIFICATION**

Shimla-2, the 26th June, 2018

**No. TPT-C(9)-10/2002.**—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (6) of Section 41 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (No. 59 of 1988) and all other powers enabling him in this behalf is pleased to allot /release registration marks/number from Serial No. 0001 to 9999 under the Registration marks HP23D to Registering and Licensing Authority, Ghumarwin, Distt. Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh for registration of motor vehicles with effect from the publication in the H.P. Rajpatra (Extra Ordinary) in the public interest.

By order, JAGDISH CHANDER SHARMA, Principal Secretary (Transport).

### In the Court of Niraj Chandla, H.P.A.S., Sub-Divisional Magistrate Shimla (Urban), District Shimla, Himachal Pradesh

Miss Sunita daughter of Sh. Amar Singh, resident of Bhargav Estate, Tuti Kandi, Shimla, Tehsil and District Shimla, Himachal Pradesh . *Applicant*.

Versus

General Public ... Respondent.

Application under section 13(3) of Birth and Death Registration Act, 1969.

Miss Sunita daughter of Sh. Amar Singh, resident of Bhargav Estate, Tuti Kandi, Shimla, Tehsil and District Shimla, Himachal Pradesh, has preferred an application to the undersigned for registration her brother namely SANJEEV SINGH DOB (31-12-2001) at above address in the record of Municipal Corporation, Shimla.

Therefore, this proclamation, the general public is hereby informed that any person having any objection for entry as to date of birth mentioned above, may submit his objection in writing in this court on or before 26-07-2018 failing which no objection will be entertained after expiry of date and will be decided accordingly.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court on this 27<sup>rth</sup> day of June, 2018.

Seal.

NIRAJ CHANDLA (HPAS), Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Shimla (Urban),District Shimla.

### **CHANGE OF NAME**

I, Sonam Kumari d/o Shri Vijay Singh, Ex. No. 143857-Z Rank POSTD r/o Village Tikkari Ghuralan, P.O. Ludder Mahadev, Teh. Bhoranj, District Hamirpur (H.P.) hereby inform that my name has wrongly been entered as Kumari Sonam in the Discharge Book of my father. But my correct name is Sonam Kumari. Sonam Kumari & Kumari Sonam are the two names of one and same lady.

SONAM KUMARI, d/o Shri Vijay Singh, Ex. No. 143857-Z Rank POSTD r/o Village Tikkari Ghuralan, P.O. Ludder Mahadev, Teh. Bhoranj, District Hamirpur (H.P.). 2808